

been due to departure from Berlin Thursday night. There has been talk of the possibility of setting Sunday as the date for the function and Monday also has been spoken of.

Prussians Vote Confidence.

Another vote of confidence has been given the new German government by the Prussian national assembly following a discussion of the present situation.

The allied and associated powers have informed the German government that reparation would be required for the sinking of the German fleet in Scapa Flow and also for the individuals guilty of this violation of the armistice will be tried by a military court. Likewise reparation is to be required for the looting by the Germans of old battle flags.

Germans Warned.

Another warning has been sent to the Germans. It is to the effect that the German government will be held to account for failure to withdraw troops from the new Polish territory and for any aid rendered to insurgents against the Poles in the regions.

The British labor party with only a dissenting vote in a resolution called for a revision by the League of Nations of "harsh provisions" of the peace treaty which are regarded to be not consistent with the commitments made by allied governments, when the armistice was signed.

Protest also was made against the blockade of Germany and failure to incorporate in the peace treaty measures for the restoration of industry throughout Europe with equality in financial treatment.

The Associated Press.

Paris, June 26.—The allied council has replied to the Turkish memorandum, saying that it could not accept the Turkish claim that its territories be restored undiminished.

The Turkish memorandum submitted

league covenant as an inseparable part of the peace treaty. The effort of league opponents to secure passage of these measures are expected to be resumed next week.

Only once during the day did issues of the league question appear on the surface of senate proceedings. Senator Phelan, democrat, of California, making an address in reply to assertions that the league would handicap Irish independence.

NEGROES TAKE PART IN LYNCHING NEGRO

Ellisville, Miss., June 26.—Trailed for ten days through southern Mississippi by persons which included several hundred members of his own race, John Hartfield, negro, confessed assailant of an Ellisville young woman, was captured desperately wounded in a canebrake this morning, rushed by automobile to the scene of his crime, hanged to a gum tree and burned to ashes. His victim identified him and witnessed his execution.

Governor Bilbo, petitioned during the day to intervene, in a statement issued at Jackson shortly before the lynching, declared himself "utterly powerless," and said that interference would only lead to the death of hundreds of persons, and that "nobody can keep the inevitable from happening."

Under a big gum tree Hartfield forcibly detained his victim all of the night of Sunday, June 15. It was under a limb of the same gum tree that Hartfield was hanged as soon as the rope could be pulled up by hundreds of hands.

Before the rope had been cut by bullets, burning faggots were thrown under the body, and an hour later there was only a pile of ashes.

FIRST VICTORY MEDAL GOES TO THE PRESIDENT

Washington, D. C., June 26.—The

PROBE O

Washington, unanimous vote of the labor committee. Motion by the House of Representatives of Texas, request for a report from the labor department employes in the Mooney, conviction in connection with

The Blanton secretary Wilson to connections, if more of the government service,

Hamburg Sec

By the Associated Hamburg, threatens to be rich, with even. The city is one of the communities who are utilizing cause for their control. In the stormed the government quantities of machines. The entire city, destroying.

Many of Hamburg were badly number 185.

TELEGR

Topeka, Kansas Alen tonight mobilization urging that rushed to the

Washington appropriation by day. It carries 600,000, an

not only much more intelligent, but to breed a much more intimate sympathy and comprehension than could otherwise be created.

"These six months have been six months which have woven new fibers of connection between the hearts of our people. And something more than friendship and intimate sympathy has come out of this intercourse.

"Friendship is a very good thing. Intimacy is a very enlightening thing. But friendship may end with sentiment. A new thing that has happened is that we have translated our common principles and our common purposes into a common plan. When we part, we are not going to part with a finished work, but with a work one portion of which is finished and the other portion of which is only begun.

Begin Co-operation.

"We have finished the formulation of the peace, but we have begun a plan of co-operation which I believe will broaden and strengthen as the years go by, so that this grip of the hand that we have taken now will never need to be relaxed. We have been and shall continue to be comrades. We shall continue to be co-workers in tasks which, because they are common, will leave out of our sentiments a common conception of duty and a common conception of the rights of men of every race and of every clime. If it be true that that has been accomplished, it is a very great thing.

"As I go away from these scenes, I think I shall realize that I have been present at one of the most vital things that has happened in the history of nations. Nations have formed contracts with each other before, but they never have formed partnerships. They have associated themselves temporarily, but they have never before associated themselves permanently.

Warn Other Nations.

"The wrong that was done in the

Foot—Radicalism on Increase Here.

Washington, D. C., June 26.—Provision for vigorous steps by the federal government against bomb throwers and other anarchists and radicals—declared by government officials to be plotting overthrow of the government and spending \$2,000,000 monthly to that end—were made in the sundry civil appropriation bill as reported today to the senate. Among the measures recommended were large additional appropriations for the department of justice and legislation continuing permanently the war-time regulations as to purchase, storage, manufacture, sale and distribution of explosives.

Fight Alien Anarchists.

In reporting the bill, the senate appropriations committee increased from \$1,400,000 to \$2,000,000 the fund of the department of justice for general suppression of crime. In addition, it added \$300,000 for a special fund to enforce the law against alien anarchists through deportations.

The amendment added to continue the explosives regulation law after declaration of peace provides for strict licensing and supervision of all sales of explosives under the bureau of mines.

Francis P. Garvan of the department of justice bureau of investigation told the committee that with increased funds, proposed, the department plans an active campaign.

Reds Pour Money Over.

"We have found in the short time that we have been at war," said, Mr. Garvan, "that conditions are quite serious throughout the country. We are asking \$2,000,000 and we have every reason to believe that the Russian bolsheviki are pouring money in here at the rate of that a month."

Mr. Garvan was asked specifically whether there was an organized ef-

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Warn Other Nations.

"The wrong that was done in the waging of this war was a great wrong, but it awakened the world to a great moral necessity of seeing that it was necessary that men should band themselves together in order that such a wrong should never be perpetrated again.

"Merely to beat a nation that was wrong once is not enough. There must follow the warning to all other nations that would do like things that they in turn will be vanquished and shamed if they attempt a dishonorable purpose.

"You can see, therefore, sir, with what deep feelings those of us who must now for a little while turn away from France, shall leave your shores; and though the ocean is broad, it will seem very narrow in the future. It will be easier to understand each other than it ever was before and with the confident intercourse of co-operation, the understanding will be strengthened into action and action will itself educate alike our purpose and our thought.

"So, sir, in saying good-by to France, I am only saying a sort of physical good-by. I shall retain in my heart always the warm feelings which the generous treatment of this great people has generated in my heart. And I wish in my turn, sir, to propose, as you have proposed, the continued and increasing friendship of the two nations, the safety and prosperity of France, the closer and closer communion of free peoples and the strengthening of every influence which instructs the mind and the purpose of humanity."

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Mr. Garvan was asked specifically whether there was an organized effort to destroy the federal government, to which question he replied:

"Certainly. We have evidence to show that, and that is also shown by the tremendous amount of money they are spending. The condition is serious throughout the country."

Three Big Centers.

New York, Chicago and Paterson, N. J., he said, are centers of anarchistic activity. When asked if the department has information that another outbreak of bomb outrages is planned for July 4, Mr. Garvan said:

"There is a great deal of talk to this effect. The number of radical papers (found in the mails) has increased 150 papers since the armistice was signed. We have to take now over 450 papers, read and digest them."

MORE POWERFUL FLEET HEREAFTER ON PACIFIC

Washington, D. C., June 26.—Final organization of the Atlantic and Pacific fleets made public today, shows that a naval force of great strength hereafter will be maintained in the Pacific, including a number of the latest and most powerful ships in the navy. Rear Admiral Hillary P. Jones, will be vice admiral of the Atlantic fleet and Vice Admiral C. S. Williams will be second in command in the Pacific.

Lone Star Reindicted.

Spokane, June 28.—William H.

for they held him responsible for the submarine war which ruined Wieringen. In the Holland the former crown was generally regarded as an guest one would be glad of.

fact that the former crown was permitted to leave Hol- or boasting that he would do es an inquiry necessary. little doubt that the allies e one, in which case it is btful whether Holland would to solve the mystery of the s" flight.

CLAIM POINT DAY FOR WAR DRY RULE APPROACHES

(Continued from Page One.)

wartime prohibition forbade of all beer or merely intox- beer.

ius J. Smyth, assistant states district attorney, one of ters in the government's the pending litigation, main- the appellate court decision e brewers less of an advan- n they possessed under the injunction.

decision, he pointed out, would npt the brewers or retailers ose- cution under the federal prohibition act, which pro- ear's imprisonment or \$1,000 ooth, in event of conviction.

July 1 Draws Near.

ngton, D. C., June 26.—War- hhibition will become effec- t Monday at midnight with- tment meanwhile by con- additional legislation for its ent.

f a maze of confusing de- nts, this fact stood out clear- with the decision of the diciary committee, charged duty of preparing and sub- enforcement machinery, to ree bills in one, each stand- s own legs, and capable of

ion among many members of the house that saloons in cities where the sale of liquor now is permitted, will be serving drinks much sooner than the public imagines.

SAYS WIFE NEGRO; ASKS MARRIAGE ANNULLED

F. P. Dwyer, Clerk, Says Discovery Followed Birth of Their Child.

Never Met Father of His Wife During Courtship, Dwyer Declares.

F. P. Dwyer, a clerk, and his wife Clara, were happily married for one year and when they found that they were about to be blessed with a child, their joy was manifold.

Then the baby was born March 12, 1916, and their happiness ended. Dwyer says that when the child was born, the family physician asked him if he had negro blood in his veins—which he heatedly denied. The child, he declares, bore the unmistakable characteristics of a negro, and he left her immediately.

Before District Judge Troup yesterday Dwyer's appeal for annulment of the marriage on the grounds that such a union is prohibited by the laws of the state, was heard. He maintains that his wife is of negro blood and was aware of it at the time of the marriage, but that he was not.

Mrs. Dwyer denied that any negro blood flows in her veins. Her child, a fair skinned boy who clung to her skirts bears not the slightest resemblance to a negro. Mrs. Perry the defendant's mother, also denied negro

DIG JESS WELLS SAYS TO FIGHT

Champion Dwyer Point Desire With Douglass

Accepted as Challenger That Piccorone Free

Toledo, June 26.—Jack Dempsey took homestretch on the Willard announced to continue to work as a champion for the last week—to ten rounds daily or four rounds of exercises to strengthen muscles. The champion with his condition that he will be in his career July 4.

Willard today weighed at 243¼ pounds, a quarter pounds made for his champion Jack Johnson in the ring. The champion said he would enter the ring with Willard.

The champion said his sparring partner failing to extend his

The challenger fought rounds with Bill Kid and Jack Ma with each man. was knocked to a wicked right hand and remained on count of six before in a clinch.

Manager Kearns Dempsey would fight next Wednesday

execution under the federal prohibition act, which pro-ear's imprisonment or \$1,000 oth, in event of conviction.

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Simple Penalties Exist.

an Volstead of the commit-ured tonight there was no y of the passage of the joint before July 1, but that there mple means of enforcement le penalties for violation of me act.

ll and explicit definition of ng liquors—any beverage ce containing more than one-me per cent alcohol—set by au of internal revenue, left t, he said, as to how the ould construe the law or deal enders.

ointed out by some that made it mandatory on the to say when demobilization pleted which would auto-permit saloons to resume s until January 16, when onal prohibition became ef-

Look for Wet Spell.

rs of the committee said it nceivable that demobiliza-ld be delayed beyond the f January. While they did for action by the president x or next, the general view with the signing of the Germany and the govern-

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Dwyer himself said every effort was made by his wife to keep him from meeting her father. Her father did not respond to a summons to appear.

Dr. A. Holtman testified that the Dwyer baby is not purely Caucasian and said that negro blood may become manifest in the offspring of such a union, for sixteen generations, and that a fair skinned child may be followed by one of just the opposite complexion. He cited cases of record to prove his contention.

Judge Troup continued the hearing until next Tuesday that the appearance in court of Perry, Mrs. Dwyer's father might be assured.

Dwyer does not ask the custody of the child.

Dwyer, who has just been discharged from the army, says he consented at the request of the priest to live with his wife after their first separation, but left her again, entering the military service.

TWO AMERICANS SAVED BY PROMPT U. S. ACTION

Nogales, Ariz., June 26.—Two American citizens were saved from execution today at Hermosillo by the prompt action of American Consul

Jack Johnson in The champion sa enter the ring w pounds.

The champion r his sparring partn failing to extend b

The challenger b rounds with Bill Kid and Jack Ma with each man. was knocked to a wicked right h and remained on count of six befo in a clinch.

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Build Your
A daily
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For Sturdy

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